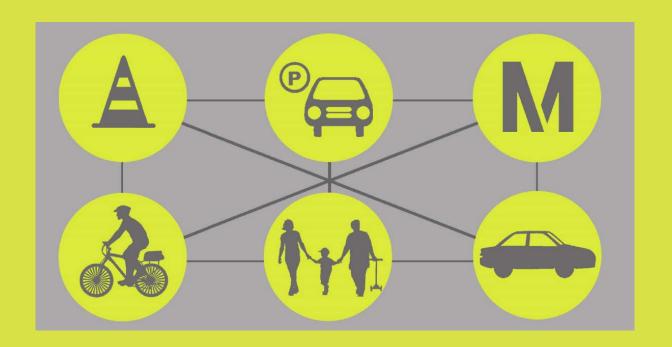
# Beach Cities Living Streets Design Manual

















# PRESENTATION OUTLINE



# **INTRODUCTIONS**



City of Hermosa Beach



City of Manhattan Beach



City of Redondo Beach



**Beach Cities Health District** 

# PROJECT BACKGROUND

- California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) Transportation Planning Grant
- 2. Customize Los Angeles County Living Streets Design Manual
- 3. Conduct three (3) Community Outreach Sessions
- 4. Prepare Concept Plans for the Aviation Boulevard Corridor
- 5. Approvals at a future date at the City Level







Active Transportation Specialist: Rock Miller

Project Manager: Maria Morris Traffic and Planning: Daryl Zerfass Outreach Specialist: Leslie Scott

# **MILESTONES**

#### Activities so far

- Understanding Existing Conditions
- Parking and Traffic Study
- Meetings with City Staff
- First Community Workshop
- BCHD Workshop featuring Dan Burden
- Draft Living Streets Design Manual for Public review
- Develop Concepts for Aviation Boulevard and Marine Avenue
- Second Community Workshop
- Draft Living Street Design Manual
- Third Community Workshop
- Refined Promising Alternatives based on Workshops
- Develop Implementation Plan



#### **WORKSHOP #1 July 17, 2017**

Introduced the purpose for a Beach Cities Living Streets Manual and Aviation Boulevard Multimodal Corridor Plan for the region.



- Design elements
- Travel modes
- Living Streets Manual
- Cross sections
- Potential issues

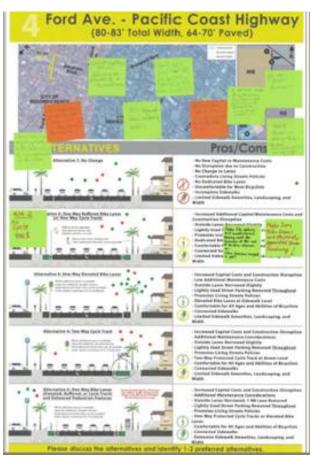


#### WORKSHOP #2 January 31, 2018

Focused on the Living Street
Design Manual elements and
introduced Aviation Boulevard
preliminary concept alternatives

Results: Wide variation of input

- Concern about the balance between traffic and active transportation
- Safety



The public provided input on 4 project segments

## WORKSHOP #3 April 23, 2018

Focused on the Aviation Boulevard preliminary concept alternatives

Results: Wide variation of input

 Concern about the balance between traffic and active transportation



The public provided input on the preliminary concept plans

**BCHD Streets for All** educational series led by Dan Burden

# What attendees value the most:

- 1. Community
- 2. Beach
- 3. Safety
- 4. Recreation
- 5. Weather
- 6. Walkability





# WHAT IS A LIVING STREET

#### Living Streets can Include:

- Sidewalks
- ADA accessibility
- Bike lanes or other bike signage
- Comfortable and accessible transit stops
- High visibility crosswalks
- Bulbouts and medians
- Roundabouts
- Green space and street trees
- Outdoor dining
- Integrated land uses
- Street furniture





#### LIVING STREETS - STREETS FOR EVERYONE

# "Living Streets" have the following elements...





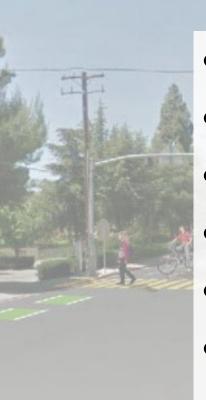






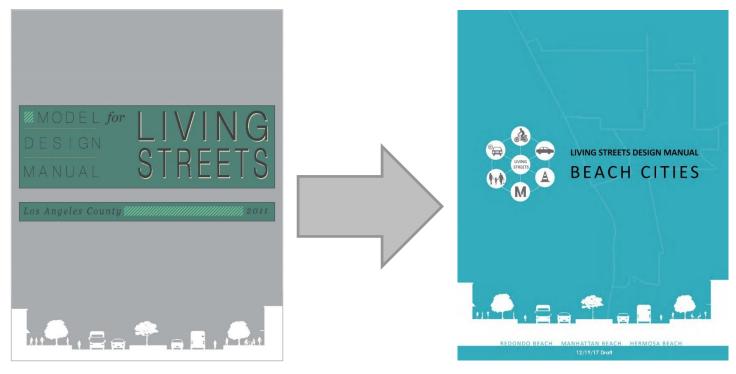
- reflect the **CHARACTER** of the community to which it belongs
- allow people of all ages and abilities to WALK AND BIKE comfortably and safely
- contribute to the ECONOMIC VITALITY of the community
- are functionally complete, providing a CHOICE OF TRAVEL MODES throughout the place
- create attractive places that promote SOCIAL ACTIVITY
- integrate **GREEN TECHNOLOGIES** into design and construction

# **GOALS OF A LIVING STREET**



- Promote Health
- Improve Safety
- Spur Economic Growth
- Lower Emissions
- Raise Property Values
- Provide Choices
- Reduce Traffic Congestion

#### LIVING STREETS MANUAL



- LA County Living Streets model manual updated for localized conditions in Beach Cities - Hermosa Beach, Manhattan Beach, and Redondo Beach.
- Updated policies, standards, tool box, local pictures, local conditions
- Documented outreach process
- Additional chapter on "Emerging Technologies"
- Specific Chapter on each of the three Cities

**Available Online**Please visit your City website

# PROJECT DESCRIPTION

# CUSTOMIZE THE <u>LIVING STREETS DESIGN</u> <u>MANUAL</u>

- a)Local outreach and priorities specific to the Beach Cities
- b)Local examples
- c) Framework for future improvements within the Cities



#### LIVING STREETS MANUAL CHAPTERS

**Chapter 1: Introduction** 

Updated to include new manuals, standards, and legal changes since 2011

Chapter 2: Vision, Goals, Policies and Benchmarks

Removed generic policies and referenced city-specific goals

**Chapter 3: Street Networks and Classifications** 

No changes

Chapter 4: Traveled Way Design

Updated to include new cycle track treatments and referenced feedback from first public meeting

**Chapter 5: Intersection Design** 

Expanded discussion of pedestrian scrambles and curb ramp orientation

Chapter 6: Universal Pedestrian Access

No changes

Chapter 7: Pedestrian Crossings

Expanded discussion of pedestrian scrambles and referenced feedback from first public meeting

Chapter 8: Bikeway Design

Added discussion of topography, bicycle intersections, bicycle stations, and bicycle corrals and expanded on cycle tracks, bike boxes, colored pavements, and legal status. Added model project.

#### LIVING STREETS MANUAL CHAPTERS

#### **Chapter 9: Transit Accommodations**

Added discussion of comfort and sense of place, effective wayfinding, personal safety, transit-bike conflicts, bus stop islands, rail-bike conflicts, and additional resources.

#### **Chapter 10: Traffic Calming**

Expanded discussion of road diets and referenced public feedback from first public meeting

#### Chapter 11: Streetscape Ecosystem

Added discussion of regional SCAG GoHuman regional outreach and advertising program

#### **Chapter 12: Gathering Places**

No changes

#### Chapter 13: Designing Land Use Along Living Streets

No changes

#### Chapter 14: Retrofitting Suburbia

No changes

#### Chapter 15: Community Engagement for Street Design

Added discussion of outreach conducted for this manual and concerns and projects for consideration identified through that process

#### Chapter 16: Emerging Technologies

New chapter: discussion of shared mobility services, transportation network companies, car share, bike share, autonomous vehicles, and the impact of these technologies on transit included

# Chapter 17: The Beach Cities and [Hermosa Beach, Manhattan Beach, or Redondo Beach]

# INTRODUCTION

- Legal standing of street manuals,
- Purpose of the manual
- How to use the manual
- New materials since 2011



# VISION, GOALS, POLICIES, AND BENCHMARKS

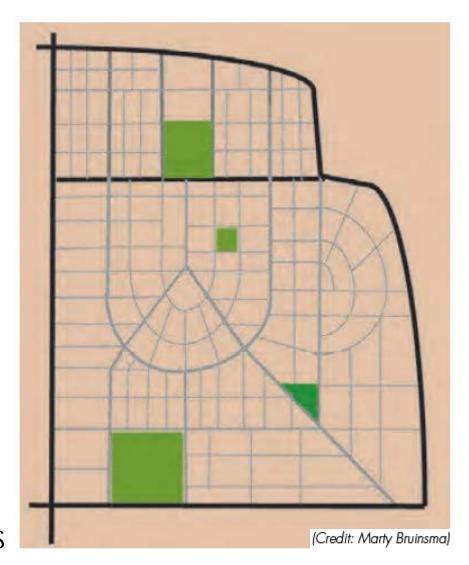
 Creating a new set of benchmarks and and performance measures



# STREET NETWORKS AND CLASSIFICATIONS

- Sustainable street networks
- Characteristics
- Classifications
- Design standards

Interconnected street network with small blocks



# TRAVELED WAY DESIGN

- Factors affecting street design
  - Users
  - Traffic volume
  - Design speed
  - Multi-modal LOS
  - Access



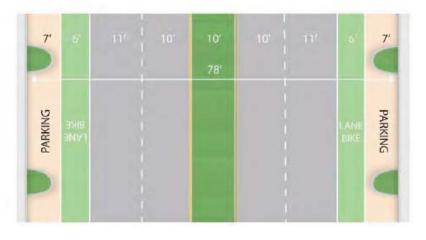
# TRAVELED WAY DESIGN

- Cross-sections
  - On-street parking, bicycle facilities, transit facilities, lanes, medians, samples

# Geometric designs

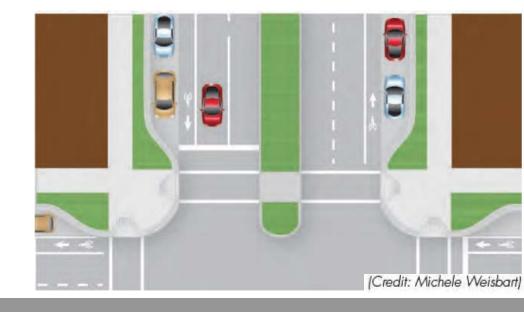
 Vertical and horizontal alignment, sight distance, horizonal clearance, traveled way lighting





# INTERSECTION DESIGN

- Principles of intersection design
- Intersection geometry
- Yield and Stopcontrolled intersections
- Signalized intersection operation and phasing
- Roundabouts



#### UNIVERSAL PEDESTRIAN ACCESS

- Users and needs
  - Mobility, visual, cognitive impairments, children and adults
- Pedestrian facility design
  - Sidewalks, curb ramps, detectable warnings, signals
- Land use and sidewalk design
  - Residential density, commercial, downtown, offices, public facilities
- Design specifications by roadway type





# PEDESTRIAN CROSSINGS

- Performance measures
- Pedestrian crossing toolbox
- Pedestrian scrambles







# **Best Practices: Pedestrian Crossings**



Intersection Bulbouts Source: BCHD



Specialty Pavement Hawthorne Blvd., Hawthorne



All-Direction Pedestrian Scramble Crossing Treatment, Santa Monica

#### **Crossing Treatments**

- Reduce vehicle speeds
- Reduce crossing distances
- Pedestrian comfort

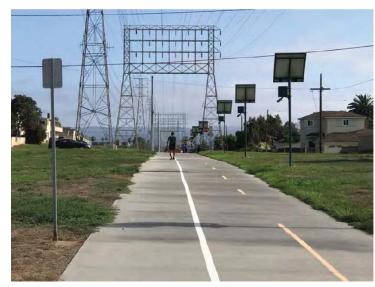
#### **Crossing Toolbox**

- Marked crosswalks
- Raised crossing island/medians
- Raised crosswalks

- Curb extensions
- Pedestrian scrambles
- Signs
- Advanced yield
- and more

#### **BIKEWAY DESIGN**

- Bikeway types and design
- Implementation
- Topography
- Bicycle stations
- Bicycle channels
- Cycle tracks
- Bike boxes
- Colored pavement





## **Best Practices: Class II Bike Lanes**





Buffered & Colored Lanes (7th Street) Santa Monica, CA

- Designed to accommodate cyclists
- A dedicated, striped lane
- Special treatments to increase visibility

# **Best Practices: Class III Bike Routes**





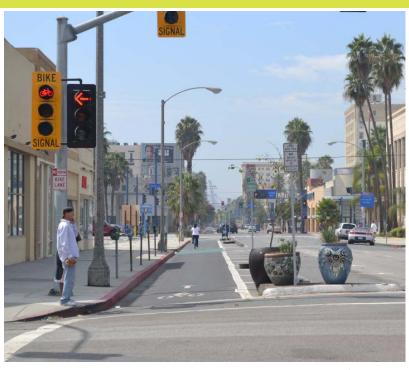
Bicycle Boulevard Long Beach, CA

- Shared use with vehicles
- Designate preferred routes
- Identified with signage with or without sharrow markings or colored pavement
- Reminds users to share the road

# **Best Practices: Class IV Cycle Tracks**



Harbor Dr. Cycle Track Redondo Beach, CA



One-way Protected Cycle Track (3<sup>rd</sup> St.) Long Beach, CA

- Dedicated bicycle right-of-way
- Buffered by some kind of physical barrier

# TRANSIT ACCOMMODATIONS

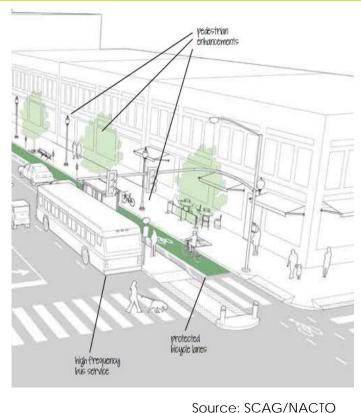
- Access to transit and bus stops
- Bus stop placement
- Signal treatment
- Bus lane and bus bulbs
- Transit-bike conflicts
- Light rail
- Wayfinding



# **Best Practices: Transit Improvements**







Bus Stop Shelter for Big Blue Bus & Next Bus Arrival Sign Santa Monica, CA

#### **Bus Stop Amenities**

- Bus arrival signs
- Distinctive shelters & seating
- Signage

Bus Stop Islands

 Reduces conflicts between buses and bicyclists

# TRAFFIC CALMING

- Safety
- Emergency response
- Policy guidance
- Public outreach



- Planning and design process
  - Understand context, involve and educate stakeholders, align vision, informed consent of plan

Sample of Table 10.1

Can be used by City staff to identify appropriate traffic calming measure to consider

Legend	Appropriate			
	Appropriate on specific circumstances			
	Not Appropriate			

Traffic Calming Classification		Framework Street			Framework Street or Non- Framework Street		Non- Frame- work Street
Conventional Street Classification		Boulevards in Transition (partially calmed)	Regional Boulevard	Community Boulevard	Community Avenue	Neighborhood Avenue	Local Street
Posted/Design/Target/Operating Speed (mph)		35 mph +	25 to 30 mph	20 to 30 mph	20 to 30 mph	20 to 25 mph	20 mph or below
Transition Zone from/to higher speed environment							
Entrance Features (architecture/landscaping/monument)							
Cross- Section Measures	Bulb-outs						
	Curb and Gutter						
	Curbless / Flush Streets						
	Flush Medians						
	Pedestrian Scale Lighting						
	Street Trees						
	Building up to the right-of-way						
	Lateral Shifts						
	Shared Spaces						
	Bike Lanes / Protected Bike Lanes / Cycle Tracks						





(Credit: Ian Lockwood)



(Credit: SPOT Devices)

# STREETSCAPE ECOSYSTEM

- Street water management
- Urban forestry
- Street furniture
- Utilities
  - Lighting



# Best Practices: Streetscape Improvements



Landscaped Roundabout, Redondo Beach, CA



Public Art, Redondo Beach, CA



Wrapped Utility Boxes Hermosa Beach, CA

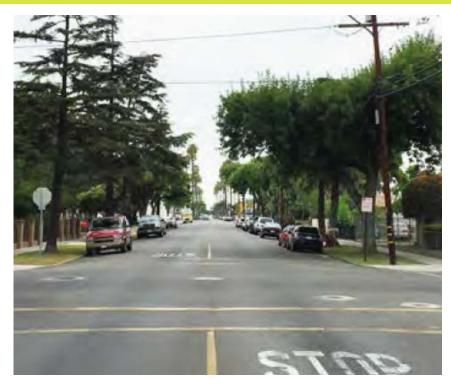
#### Landscaping

- Interest & aesthetics
- Reduce heat island effect
- Capture storm water

#### **Street Amenities**

- Makes roadways more attractive places to walk, shop, or exercise
- Lighting/safety

### **Best Practices: Streetscape Improvements**



Tree-Lined Street

#### **Shade Trees**

- Pedestrian comfort
- Reduce heat island effect
- Capture storm water



Wayfinding on Culver Blvd., Culver City, CA

#### Wayfinding

- Important local destinations
- Establish a sense of place

# GATHERING PLACES

- Public space
- Strategies to replace streets
- Placemaking for streets



# LAND USE ALONG LIVING STREETS

- Streetscape environment types
- Implementation strategies
- Health and land use





# Best Practices: Adjacent Uses



Land Uses Facing the Street Manhattan Beach, CA

#### **Streetwall**

- Buildings face the street
- Surface parking lots can be relocated to the rear



Integrating Gardens Manhattan Beach, CA

#### **Activating the Street**

 A mix of uses & ground floor uses interact with the street creates interest & walkability

# RETROFITTING SUBURBIA

- Transforming suburban streets to living streets
- Re-establishing street network
- Setting priorities and phasing



(Credit: Google Maps)

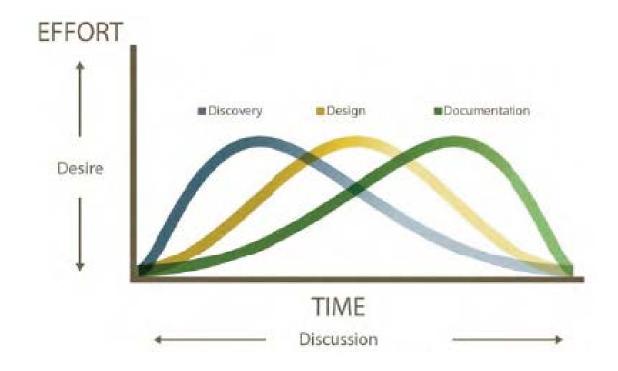
# COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT FOR STREET DESIGN

- Essential principles of community engagement
  - Develop a plan
  - Accept Responsibility
  - Start with shared values
  - Build understanding
  - Broaden stakeholders
  - Foster cultural competence
  - Emotional connections
  - Two-way conversation
  - Achieve informed consent
  - Carry momentum
- Outreach for the manual





#### **CONSENSUS BUILDING**



Steps of an informed consent process

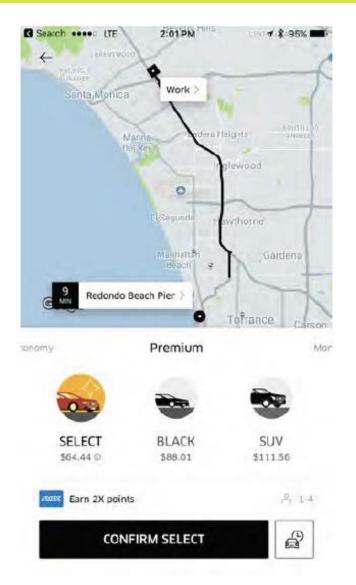
(Credit: Michele Weisbart, adapted from Ian Lockwood)

#### **EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES**

- Shared mobility services
- Transportation network companies
- Car share
- Bike share
- Autonomous vehicles







# BEACH CITIES SPECIFIC CHAPTER

- Beach cities shared issues and challenges
- City-specific living streets issues and policies



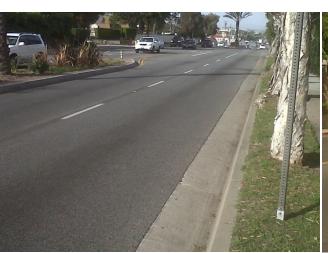
#### **AVIATION BOULEVARD**

- Potentially desirable route
- Alternatives generated a divided response
- Each city needs to decide what is best for it
- Living Street Manual may be helpful for this street or any other street in the communities
- Living Streets Manual does not commit any city to any specific project but helps to identify options for all streets





# **AVIATION BOULEVARD TODAY**





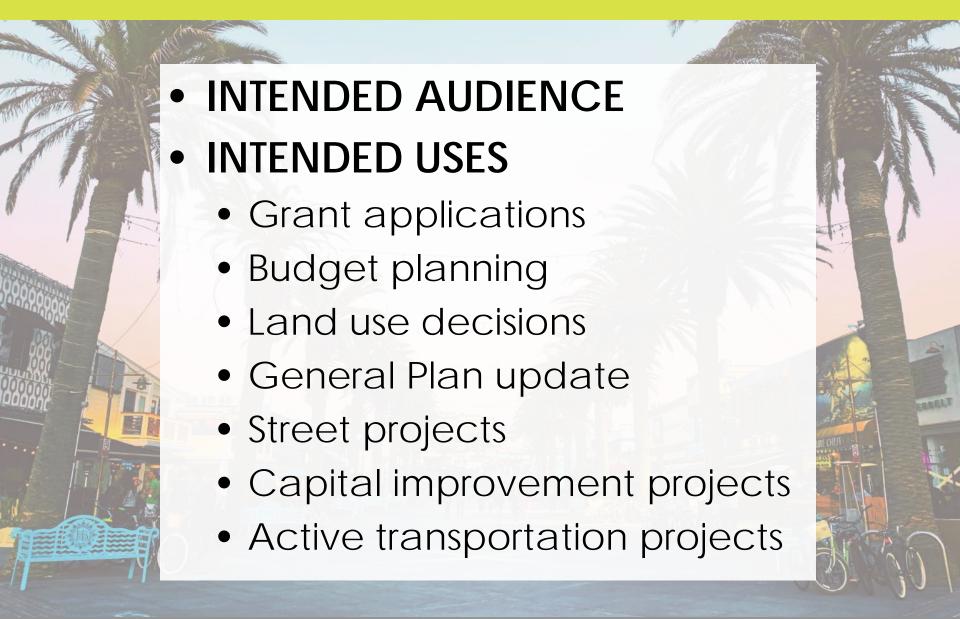








# **USE OF THE MANUAL**



# **FUNDING**

#### **PLANNING STAGE**

- SCAG Sustainable Communities Program
- Caltrans Transportation Planning Grant Program

#### **CONSTRUCTION STAGE**

- South Bay Cities Council of Governments
- Measure M
- Active Transportation Program
- Senate Bill 1 (SB 1)
- Prop C
- Los Angeles Metro Call for Projects



# **NEXT STEPS**

- Customized Living Street Design Manual to be independently approved at the City level
- With approval, each City can use the Manual as a tool guiding document for land use and infrastructure decisions

# **MOVING FORWARD**

- Citizen engagement
- Funding opportunities/Leverage funding
- Concept refinement
- Further council action and collaboration

# **QUESTIONS**

